MUNDELEIN CENTER CONSERVATION EASEMENT For a Save America's Treasures Grant to a Historic Subject Property

INTRODUCTION. This conservation easement agreement is made the 30 day of 4,2013, between Loyola University of Chicago, an Illinois not-for-profit corporation, as GRANTOR of a conservation easement (hereafter referred to as the "Grantor"), and the Illinois Historic Preservation Agency, as GRANTEE of the conservation easement (hereafter referred to as the "Grantee"). This conservation easement agreement is entered under Illinois law for the purpose of preserving the Mundelein Center, a building that is important culturally, historically, and/or architecturally.

- 1. <u>The Subject Property.</u> This agreement creates a conservation easement in real estate legally described in Exhibit A. The Subject Property is the site of the Mundelein Center, located at 1020 West Sheridan Road, Chicago, Illinois 60626, Cook County, specifically National Park Service funded improvements to the first and second floors (hereafter referred to as the "Subject Property").
- 2. Grant of conservation easement. In consideration of the sum of \$200,000 received in grant-in-aid financial assistance from the National Park Service of the United States Department of the Interior, the Grantor hereby grants to the Grantee a conservation easement in the Subject Property for the purpose of assuring preservation of the Mundelein Center.
- 3. <u>Easement required for Federal grant</u>. This conservation easement is granted as a condition of the eligibility of the Grantor for the financial assistance from the National Park Service of the United States Department of the Interior appropriated from the Historic Preservation Fund for the Save America's Treasures Grant Program.

4. Conditions of easement:

- a) Duration. This conservation easement is granted for a period of fifty (50) years commencing on the date when it is filed with the Cook County Recorder, in the State of Illinois, in the United States of America.
- b) Documentation of condition of the Mundelein Center at time of grant of this easement. In order to make more certain the full extent of Grantor's obligations and the restrictions on the Subject Property, and in order to document the nature and condition of the Subject Property, including significant interior elements in spatial context, a list of character-defining materials, features, and spaces is incorporated as Exhibit "B" at the end of this agreement. The Grantor has provided to the Grantee architectural drawings of the Subject Property. To complement Exhibit "B", Grantee and/or the Grantor personnel have compiled a photographic record, including photographer's affidavit, black and white photographs and negatives, or electronic image files saved as high resolution images, photograph logs, and a keyed location map. The Grantor agrees that the nature and condition of the Subject Property on the date of execution of this easement is accurately documented by the architectural drawings and photographic record, which shall be maintained for the life of this easement in the Grantee's conservation easement file for the Subject Property.
- c) Duty to maintain the Subject Property. The Grantor agrees to assume the cost of continued maintenance and repair of the Subject Property so as to preserve the architectural, historical, and/or archeological integrity of the Subject Property and its materials to protect those qualities that made the Subject Property eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places throughout the effective date of this Easement.
- d) Restrictions on activities that would affect historically significant components of the Subject Property. The Grantor agrees that no demolition, construction, alteration, remodeling, or any other activity shall be undertaken or permitted to be undertaken on the Subject Property which would affect historically significant exterior features or interior spaces identified as significant in Exhibit "B." Exterior construction materials, architectural details, form, fenestration, scale, and mass should not be adversely affected nor the structural soundness or setting altered without prior written permission of the Grantee affirming that such reconstruction, repair,

refinishing, rehabilitation, preservation, or restoration will meet The Secretary of the Interior's *Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties* (hereinafter referred to as the "Standards").

e) Restrictions on activities that would affect archeological resources. The Grantor agrees that no ground disturbing activity shall be undertaken or permitted to be undertaken on the Subject Property which would affect historically significant archeological resources identified in Exhibit "A" without prior written permission of the Grantee affirming that such work will meet The Secretary of the Interior's applicable "Standards for Archeology and Historic Preservation".

f) Not Applicable

- g) Public access. The Grantor agrees to provide public access to view the grant-assisted work or features no less than 12 days a year on an equitably spaced basis. The dates and times when the Subject Property will be open to the public must be annually published and provided to the Grantee. At the option of the Grantor, the relevant portions of the Subject Property may also be open at other times in addition to the scheduled 12 days a year. Nothing in this agreement will prohibit a reasonably nondiscriminatory admission fee, comparable to fees charged at similar facilities in the area. Mundelein Center is deemed open to the public so long as this college building is open to the general student population.
- h) Right to inspect. The Grantor agrees that the Grantee, its employees, agents and designees shall have the right to inspect the Subject Property at all reasonable times, with twenty-four hours written notice, in order to ascertain whether the conditions of this conservation easement agreement are being observed. However, in the case of any natural or man-made disaster or imminent endangerment to the Subject Property the easement holder shall be granted access to the Subject Property with no prior notice.
- i) Anti-discrimination. The Grantor agrees to comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d, the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12204), and with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794). These laws prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, religion, national origin, or disability. In implementing public access, reasonable accommodation to qualified disabled persons shall be made in consultation with the Grantee.
- j) Easement shall run with the land; conditions on conveyance. This conservation easement shall run with the land and be binding on the Grantor, its successors, and assigns. The Grantor agrees to insert an appropriate reference to this easement agreement in any deed or other legal instrument by which it divests itself in part or in whole of either the fee simple title or other lesser estate in the Subject Property, the Subject Property, or any part thereof.
- k) Casualty Damage or Destruction. In the event that the Subject Property or any part of it shall be damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, windstorm, earth movement, or other casualty, the Grantor shall notify the Grantee in writing within 14 calendar days of the damage or destruction, such notification including what, if any, emergency work has already been completed. No repairs or reconstruction of any type, other than temporary emergency work to prevent further damage to the Subject Property and to protect public safety, shall be undertaken by the Grantor without the Grantee's prior written approval indicating that the proposed work will meet the Standards. The Grantee shall give its written approval, if any, of any proposed work within 60 days of receiving the request from the Grantor. If after reviewing the condition of the Subject Property, the Grantee determines that the features, materials, appearance, workmanship, and environment (or setting) which made the Subject Property eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places have been lost or so damaged that its continued National Register listing is in question, the Grantee will notify the Keeper of the National Register in writing of the loss. The Keeper of the National Register will evaluate the findings and notify the Grantee in writing of any decision to remove the Subject Property from the National Register. If the Subject Property is removed, the Grantee will then notify the Grantor that the agreement is null and void. If the damage or destruction that warrants the properties removal from the National Register is deliberately caused by the gross negligence or other actions of the Grantor or successor owner, then the Grantee will initiate requisite legal action

to recover, at a minimum, the Federal grant funds applied to the Subject Property which will then be returned to the U.S. Government.

- I) Enforcement. The Grantee shall have the right to prevent and correct violations of the terms of this conservation easement. If the Grantee, upon inspection of the Subject Property, finds what appears to be a violation, it may exercise its discretion to seek injunctive relief in a court having jurisdiction. Except when an ongoing or imminent violation will irreversibly diminish or impair the cultural, historical and/or architectural importance of the Subject Property, the Grantee shall give the Grantor written notice of the violation and allow thirty (30) calendar days to correct the violation before taking any formal action, including, but not limited to, legal action. If a court, having jurisdiction, determines that a violation exists or has occurred, the Grantee may seek to obtain an injunction to stop the violation, temporarily or permanently. A court may also issue a mandatory injunction requiring the Grantor to restore the Subject Property to a condition that would be consistent with preservation purposes of the grant from the National Park Service. In any case where a court finds that a violation has occurred, the court may require the Subject Property to reimburse the Grantee and the Illinois Attorney General for all the State's expenses incurred in stopping, preventing, and/or correcting the violation, including, but not limited, to reasonable attorney's fees. The failure of the Grantee to discover a violation or to take immediate action to correct a violation shall not bar it from doing so at a later time.
- m) Effective date; severability. This conservation easement shall become effective when filed by the Grantor in the Office of the Recorder of Cook County, Illinois, with a copy of the recorded instrument provided to the Grantee for its conservation easement file. If any part of this conservation easement agreement is held to be illegal by a court, the validity of the remaining parts shall not be affected, and the rights and obligations of the parties shall be construed and enforced as if the conservation agreement does not contain the particular part held to be invalid.
- n) Amendments. The parties may by mutual written agreement jointly amend this conservation easement, provided the amendment shall be consistent with preservation purpose of this conservation easement and shall not reduce the regulatory controls listed in the conditions of this conservation easement. Any such amendment shall not be effective unless it is executed in the same manner as this easement, refers expressly to this easement, and is filed with the Cook County Recorder.

This instrument reflects the entire agreement of Grantor and Grantee regarding the subject easement. Any prior or simultaneous correspondence, understandings, agreements, and representations are null and void upon execution of this agreement, unless set out in this instrument.

In witness whereof, Grantor and Grantee have set their hands under seal on the days and year set forth below.

GRANTOR:

Loyola University of Chicago

By:

Wayne Magdziarz,

Senior Vice President for Capital Planning and Campus Management

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, ss: On this day of day of

"OFFICIAL SEAL"
W M Sherry

Notary Public, State of Illinois My Commission Expires 10/23/2014 **GRANTEE:**

Illinois Historic Preservation Agency

By:

Garth Madison, Legal Counsel
Illinois Historic Preservation Agency

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, ss: On the 30 th day of August, 2013, before me, a Notary Public for said State, personally appeared Garth Martin, who stated that he is the duly appointed and actively serving as Legal Counsel, Illinois Historic Preservation Agency, and that he executed the foregoing conservation easement agreement as his voluntary act and as the voluntary act of the Illinois Historic Preservation Agency.

NOTARY PUBLIC

OFFICIAL SEAL
CHERYL L. DAWSON
NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES FEB. 23, 2016

EXHIBIT A TO THE CONSERVATION AGREEMENT

Legal description of the Subject Property

Lots 5, 6, 7 and the west 10 feet of lot 8 in Linn's North Edgewater Addition to Chicago, being a subdivision of Lot 9 (except the west 765.93 feet thereof) in Cape Hayes, being a subdivision of the southeast fractional ¼ of Section 32, Township 41 North, Range 14, east of the third principal meridian, in Cook County, Illinois.

Known as: 1020 West Sheridan Road, Chicago, Illinois

P.I.N. 11-32-405-033 (partial)

Historically significant archeological resources: None

EXHIBIT B TO CONSERVATION EASEMENT AGREEMENT

Baseline Documentation Mundelein Center, Chicago, Illinois

To remain eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, a Subject Property must be able to convey its significance. The following character-defining materials, spaces, and features have been identified as those that help convey the significance of Mundelein Center. Also current photo documentation and the narrative of the National Register nomination must be attached to the baseline documentation.

Significant Character Defining Interior Spaces and Features

Art deco architectural style.

Interior detailing following the art deco style of ornamentation on first and second floors.

First and second floor corridors retained most original floor, wall and ceiling detailing.

Restoration of lighting and art deco ceiling detailing on first floor revealing the original design.

First floor ventilation screens, entries, doors and room layouts follow original design.

Grand stair within first and second floors as originally designed and installed; repaired and renovated.

Entire building thoughtfully renovated, respecting art deco style, while enhancing the skyscraper for contemporary learning.

Significant Character Defining Exterior Spaces and Features

1930 early skyscraper art deco design.

Concrete and steel structure, maximum skyscraper height when built.

Indiana limestone facade.

Four story tall limestone angel sculptures flanking the grand main entrance.

Tripartite ziggurat stepped design, 15 story height.

Minimal exterior modifications since construction. Repairs and upgrades to facade retaining art deco ornamentation.

Original greenhouse on 7th floor.

Nomination

The National Register of Historic Places Nomination form for Mundelein Skyscraper, dated April 1, 1980, is attached. Mundelein Skyscraper was renamed Mundelein Center when renovations began in 2008.

Photo Documentation of Existing Conditions

Attached

EXHIBIT C TO CONSERVATION EASEMENT AGREEMENT

Written Documentation of the Signatories Authority to Sign for and Legally Bind their Organization

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF Loyola University Chicago

RESOLVED, that Loyola University Chicago, an Illinois non-profit corporation (the "Grantor") shall execute a conservation easement with the Illinois State Historic Preservation Office (the "Grantee"). This conservation easement will be entered under Illinois Law for the purpose of preserving the Mundelein Center, a building that is important culturally, historically, and architecturally.

RESOLVED, that Wayne Magdziarz, signatory to the Mundelein Center Conservation Easement as Senior Vice President for Capital Planning and Campus Management of Loyola University Chicago, is authorized, directed, and empowered to take such action and execute and deliver such document in such form as he or she deems to be in the best interests of Loyola University Chicago, including without limitation the execution and delivery of a conservation easement.

Date:	6/1/13
By:	Loyola University Chicago Michael R. Quinlan, Chairman